

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Canceled)

2. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein the program memory and the plurality of processor subsystems are fabricated on a single chip.

3. (Currently Amended) A digital signal processing system that comprises:
a shared program memory;

a plurality of processor subsystems coupled to the shared program memory to concurrently access instructions stored by the shared program memory,
wherein the shared program memory is conditionally write-protected from at least one of the processor subsystems ~~The system of claim 1, wherein the processor subsystems are prevented from writing anything to the shared program memory while the processor subsystems are in a normal operating mode.~~

4. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 3, wherein the processor subsystems are allowed to write information to the shared program memory to test the digital signal processing system while the processor subsystems are in an emulation mode.

5. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein each of the plurality of processor subsystems includes:

a processor core; and

an instruction bus that couples the processor core to the shared program memory.

6. (Original) The system of claim 5, wherein each of said processor cores includes a bus interface module coupled to the associated instruction bus to access instructions stored by the shared program memory.

7. (Original) The system of claim 6, wherein the bus interface module is configured to allow the processor core to perform write operations to the shared program memory only when the processor core is operating in an emulation mode.

8. (Original) The system of claim 6, wherein the bus interface module is configured to prevent the processor core from writing anything to the shared program memory while the processor core is in a normal operating mode.

9. (Original) The system of claim 8, wherein the bus interface module is further configured to allow the processor core to write information to the shared program memory while the processor is in an emulation mode.

10. (Original) The system of claim 9, wherein the bus interface receives a signal that, when asserted, indicates that the processor core is in an emulation mode.

11. (Original) The system of claim 10, wherein de-assertion of said signal causes said bus interface module to maintain an instruction bus read/write signal in a read state, and wherein assertion of said signal causes said bus interface module to maintain the instruction bus read/write signal in accordance with shared program memory access operations requested by the processor core.

12. (Original) The system of claim 5, wherein the processor subsystems each further include:

data memory coupled to the processor core via a data bus distinct from the instruction bus, wherein the processor core is configured to operate on data from the data memory in accordance with program instruction retrieved via the instruction bus.

13. (Original) The system of claim 12, wherein the processor subsystems each further include:

a direct memory access (DMA) controller; and

a memory bus that couples the DMA controller to the data memory and the shared program memory, wherein the memory bus is distinct from the instruction bus and distinct from the data bus.

14. (Original) The system of claim 5, wherein the program memory is configured to service multiple instruction requests received via the instruction buses in each clock cycle.

15. (Original) The system of claim 14, wherein the processor cores are configured to concurrently execute distinct instructions from a single program stored in the shared program memory, and wherein the order in which program instructions are executed by a processor core depends on the data that the processor core operates on.

16. (Original) A method of conditionally write protecting a shared program memory in a multi-core processor chip, wherein the method comprises:

receiving a requested shared program memory access operation from a processor core; and

combining the requested shared program memory access operation with a signal indicative of a current operating mode to produce a communicated shared program memory access operation, wherein when the current operating mode is a normal operating mode, the communicated shared program memory access operation is prevented from being a write operation.

17. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein when the current operating mode is an emulation mode, the communication shared program memory access operation is always the same as the requested shared program memory access operation.

18. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the emulation mode is indicated by the assertion of a suspend signal, and wherein said combining includes:

inverting the suspend signal; and

performing a logical OR of the inverted suspend signal with a read/write signal included in the requested access operation to produce a read/write signal for inclusion in the communicated access operation.

19. (Canceled)

20. (Currently Amended) A digital signal processor chip that comprises:
a volatile memory containing software instructions; and
a plurality of processor cores coupled to the volatile memory via a corresponding
plurality of instruction buses, wherein the processor cores are configured to retrieve and execute
instructions from the volatile memory, and
wherein each of the instruction buses is configured to convey only read operations to the
volatile memory while their corresponding processor cores are in a normal operating mode The
chip of claim 19, wherein each of the instruction buses includes a read/write signal line that is
maintained in a read state while the corresponding processor cores are in the normal operating
mode.

21. (Currently Amended) The chip of claim 19 20, wherein each of the instruction
buses is configured to allow both read operations and write operations to be conveyed to the
volatile memory while the corresponding processor cores are in an emulation mode.

22. (Original) The chip of claim 21, wherein each of the instruction buses includes a
read/write signal line having a value produced by a logic gate that combines a read/write signal
value from the corresponding processor core with an operating mode signal value for the
corresponding processor core.

23. (Original) The chip of claim 22, wherein the operating mode signal acts as a gate
control signal that prevents the read/write signal from the corresponding processor core from
affecting the read/write signal on the instruction bus.

24. (Previously Presented) The chip of claim 22, further comprising:
a test port; and
emulation logic that determines the operating mode signals for each of the processor cores in response to control information received via the test port.